

National Assessment of Oil and Gas Fact Sheet

2002 USGS Assessment of Oil and Gas Resource Potential of the Denver Basin Province of Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, South Dakota, and Wyoming

Introduction

The U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) recently assessed undiscovered, technically recoverable oil and gas resources of the Denver Basin Province (fig. 1) that have the potential to be added to reserves in the next 30 years. Both conventional and continuous resources were assessed. Continuous-type accumulations include coal-bed gas (CBG), low-permeability gas, and fractured shales, which differ from conventional accumulations in that they are not significantly affected by hydrodynamics, there is no downdip gas/ water contact, and conventional methods of assessing sizes and numbers of accumulations are not appropriate (modified from Klett and others, 2000).

Using analyses based on the study of total petroleum systems, the U.S. Geological Survey mean estimates of petroleum potential in the Denver Basin Province are 104.23 million barrels of oil, 2,519 billion cubic feet of gas, and 51.81 million barrels of natural gas liquids (NGL). More than 95 percent of that gas volume is in continuous (unconventional) assessment units (AU).

Using a total petroleum system method of analysis, the USGS defined seven total petroleum systems (TPS) and 12 assessment units (AU) in the province. TPS and AU are defined in Magoon and Dow (1994) and Klett and others (2000). Sources of information include published reports and the NRG Associates, Inc. (2000) and PI/Dwights (1999a, 1999b) databases.

Resource Summary

Estimates of the oil, gas, and natural gas liquids (NGL) potential for the Denver Basin Province are presented in table 1. Coal-bed gas resources (CBG) of the Denver Formation Coal and Laramie Formation Coal AUs (50390181 and 50390182, respectively) of the Coal-Bed Methane TPS (503901) were not assessed due to scarcity of drilling information and other data. The Fractured Pierre Shale AU (50390361) was not assessed for continuous resources because of low undrilled potential based on analysis of estimated ultimate recovery of current wells. Mean estimates of the remaining five TPSs are 104.23 million barrels of oil (MMBO), 2,519 billion cubic feet of gas (BCFG), and 51.81 38° million barrels of NGL (MMBNGL) (table 1).

More than 95 percent of the gas potential, or 2,408 BCFG, is in continuous AUs, the greatest gas resources being in the Dakota Group Basin-Centered Gas AU (1,094.70 BCFG) and the Niobrara Chalk AU (984.08 BCF biogenic gas). Approximately 38 percent of the oil potential is within continuous AUs, although the greatest single AU oil resource (36.27 MMBO) is located within sandstones of the Dakota Group and D Sandstone conventional AU (table 1). The continuous Niobrara-Codell (Wattenberg area) AU has the second largest mean oil resource volume at 32.17 MMB. The following are generalized descriptions of the assessment units.

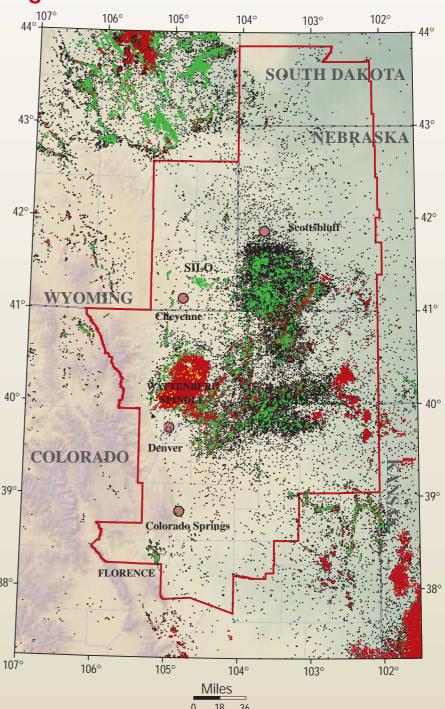


Figure 1. The Denver Basin Province (red line) of Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, South Dakota, and Wyoming. Shown are oil (green), gas (red), oil and gas (yellow) and nonproductive (black) wells

Coal-Bed Methane TPS 503901

- Denver Formation Coals AU 50390181—Hypothetical continuous coal-bed gas from the Upper Cretaceous and Paleocene Denver Formation in the central Denver Basin Province.
- 2. Laramie Formation Coals AU 50390182—Hypothetical continuous coal-bed gas from the Upper Cretaceous Laramie Formation in the central Denver Basin Province.

Upper Cretaceous Fractured Niobrara TPS 503902

- 1. Fractured Niobrara Limestone Transitional AU 50390201—Conventional; located in the central Denver Basin Province and excludes areas of AUs 50390261 and 50390761.
- Fractured Niobrara Limestone (Silo field area) AU 50390261—Continuous; mostly oil
 production from the Upper Cretaceous Niobrara Formation in the Silo field area (fig. 1).

Upper Cretaceous Pierre Shale (Florence Field) TPS 503903

 Fractured Pierre Shale AU 50390361—Continuous; oil production from the Upper Cretaceous Pierre Shale in the Florence field area (fig. 1).

Lower Cretaceous TPS 503904

- Dakota Group and D Sandstone AU 50390401—Conventional; Cretaceous Muddy (J) Sandstone reservoirs located across the central third of the province.
- Subthrust Structural AU 50390402—This hypothetical conventional assessment unit of Cretaceous and Paleozoic formations is located under and along the eastern edge of the Rocky Mountains.

Permian-Pennsylvanian TPS 503905

1. Permian-Pennsylvanian Reservoirs AU 50390501—Conventional; structural traps in limestones and sandstones concentrated in the northwestern half of the province.

Cretaceous Composite TPS 503906

- 1. Pierre Shale Sandstones AU 50390601—Conventional reservoirs in the Upper Cretaceous Richard, Terry (Sussex), and Hygiene (Shannon) Sandstones, Spindle field area (fig. 1).
- 2. Niobrara-Codell (Wattenberg area) AU 50390661—Continuous; oil and gas production from Upper Cretaceous sandstone and limestone, Spindle field area (fig. 1).
- 3. Dakota Group Basin-Centered Gas AU 50390662—Continuous gas accumulation in the Wattenberg gas field (fig. 1). Production is primarily from the Lower Cretaceous Muddy (J) Sandstone.

Upper Cretaceous Niobrara Biogenic Gas TPS 503907

 Niobrara Chalk AU 50390761—Continuous; biogenic gas from the Niobrara Formation is located in the eastern third of the province and extends eastward into Kansas and northward into South Dakota.

Table 1. Denver Basin Province assessment results listed by name and code of total petroleum system and assessment unit.

[TPS, total petroleum system; AU, assessment unit; MMBO, million barrels or oil; BCFG, billion cubic feet of gas; MMBNGL, million barrels of natural gas liquids. Type refers mainly to oil or gas accumulations in the assessment unit. Fractiles are fully risked estimates. F95 denotes a 95-percent chance of at least the amount tabulated. Other fractiles are defined similarly. Fractiles are additive only under the assumption of perfect positive correlation. CBG, coal-bed gas. N/A, not quantitatively assessed or not applicable]

	Total undiscovered resources												
	Type	Oil (MMBO)				Gas (BCFG)				NGL (MMBNGL)			
		F95	F50	F5	Mean	F95	F50	F5	Mean	F95	F50	F5	Mean
			Hnn			Gas Resource Niobrara TPS							
Fractured Niobrara Limestone			υμμ	er Cretaceot	as Fractureu	INIUDI AI A IPS	3 303902						
Transitional AU 50390201	Oil					0.00	0.00	2.08	0.58	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.06
Transitional AU 50390201		NT/A	NT / A	NT/A	NT/A								
	Gas	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A Cretaceous	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
D.L. C. ID.C. L. AII				Lower	Cretaceous	TPS 503904							
Dakota Group and D Sandstone AU	0.1	10.07	22.51	60.70	26.27	4.50	12.05	20.16	1.4.40	0.22	1.00	2.46	1.4.46
50390401	Oil	12.37	33.51	68.79	36.27	4.52	13.05	29.16	14.48	0.33	1.02	2.46	14.48
	Gas	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9.66	28.13	61.64	30.95	0.58	1.81	4.29	2.04
Subthrust Structural AU 50390402	Oil	0.00	0.00	57.42	14.37	0.00	0.00	29.15	7.19	0.00	0.00	2.98	0.72
	Gas	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.00	0.00	9.58	33.62	0.00	0.00	9.58	2.22
				Permian-	Pennsylvania Pennsylvania	an TPS 50390	5						
Permian-Pennsylvanian Reservoirs AU													
50390501	Oil	2.11	9.43	23.70	10.74	1.03	4.65	12.55	5.45	0.06	0.27	0.79	0.33
	Gas	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
						te TPS 503906							
Pierre Shale Sandstones AU 50390601	Oil	0.53	1.75	3.67	1.86	1.39	6.83	15.57	7.45	0.11	0.67	1.63	0.75
	Gas	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.20	10.86	19.85	10.69	0.13	0.60	1.26	0.64
TOTAL CONVENTIONAL													
RESOURCES		15.02	44.69	157.57	64.40	19.81	62.73	312.66	110.41	1.21	4.36	23.20	7.9 1
				Continuo	us Oil and G	as Resources	5						
				Cretaceo	ous Composi	te TPS 503906)						
Niobrara-Codell (Wattenburg area) AU													
50390661	Oil	16.41	30.07	55.08	32.17	157.71	298.43	564.71	321.73	14.24	29.24	60.02	32.17
Dakota Group Basin-Centered Gas AU													
50390662	Gas	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	793.09	1,076.03	1,459.92	1,094.70	6.71	10.54	16.55	10.95
			Upper	Cretaceous	Niobrara Bi	ogenic Gas T			,				
Niobrara Chalk AU 50390761	Gas	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	337.63	843.01	2,104.85	984.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
			aqU	er Cretaceou	us Fractured	Niobrara TPS							
Fractured Niobrara Limestone (Silo field			- 111										
area) AU 50390261	Oil	4.32	7.29	12.27	7.66	4.09	7.34	13.17	7.82	0.37	0.72	1.41	0.78
urea, 110 303,0201	OII	1.52				lorence field		13.17	7.02	0.57	0.72	1.11	0.70
Fractured Pierre Shale AU 50390361	Oil	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Tractured Fierre Shale 710 30370301	OII	14/71	14/11		ed Methane		11/11	11/11	14/11	14/21	14/11	14/11	14/71
Denver Formation Coals AU 50390181	CBG	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	CBG	N/A N/A					N/A N/A				N/A N/A	N/A N/A	
Laramie Formation Coals AU 50390182	CDG	IN/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	IN/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1 N /A	1 N /A	N/A
TOTAL CONTINUOUS		20.54	25.25	(5.35	20.02	1 202 52	2 22 4 04	4 1 42 64	2 400 22	21.22	40.50	FF 00	43.04
RESOURCES		20.74	37.35	67.35	39.83	1,292.52		4,142.64	,	21.33	40.50	77.98	43.90
TOTAL RESOURCES		35.75	82.04	224.92	104.23	1,312.33	2,287.53	4,455.30	2,518.74	22.54	44.86	101.19	51.81

Denver Basin Province Assessment Team

Debra Higley (higley@usgs.gov, 303-236-5791), Ronald R. Charpentier, Troy Cook, T.R. Klett, Richard Pollastro, and James W. Schmoker. Christopher J. Schenk, National Assessment of Oil and Gas Project Chief (schenk@usgs.gov, 303-236-5796).

For Further Information

Supporting geologic studies of total petroleum systems and assessment units for the Denver Basin Province are in progress. Assessment results from the 1995 National Oil and Gas Assessment project are located at

http://energy.cr.usgs.gov/oilgas/noga/

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